

2. This Consent Agreement and Final Order (CAFO) serves as notice that EPA has reason to believe that Respondent has violated Section 409 of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2689, by failing to comply with the regulatory requirements of 40 C.F.R. Part 745, Subpart E, *Lead-Based Paint Renovation, Repair and Painting Rule* (RRP Rule), promulgated pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §§ 2682, 2686 and 2687.

Section II

Parties

3. The Complainant, by delegation from the Administrator of EPA and the Regional Administrator, EPA, Region 7, is the Chief, Toxics and Pesticides Branch, EPA, Region 7.

4. The Respondent is Brackmann Construction, Inc., a Corporation in good standing under the laws of the state of Missouri.

Section III

Statutory and Regulatory Background

5. Congress passed the Residential Lead-Based Paint Hazard Reduction Act of 1992 (the Act), 42 U.S.C. §§ 4851 to 4856, to address the need to control exposure to lead-based paint hazards. The Act amended TSCA by adding Sections 401 to 412, 15 U.S.C. §§ 2681 to 2692.

6. On June 1, 1998, EPA promulgated information distribution and record keeping requirements codified at 40 C.F.R. Part 745, Subpart E, *Requirements for Hazard Education Before Renovation of Target Housing* (Pre-Renovation Education Rule or PRE Rule) pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 2686. On April 22, 2008, EPA amended and re-

codified the PRE Rule information distribution and recordkeeping requirements and promulgated additional regulations at 40 C.F.R. Part 745, Subpart E, *Lead-Based Paint Renovation, Repair and Painting Rule* (RRP Rule) pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §§ 2682, 2686 and 2687. The regulations aimed to protect the public from lead-based paint hazards associated with renovation, repair and painting activities. Under the RRP Rule, each person or firm who performs for compensation a renovation of target housing or a child-occupied facility must be trained and certified by an EPA accredited training provider to conduct renovation, remodeling and/or painting activities. Firms and individuals performing renovation, repair and painting projects for compensation that disturb lead-based paint must use certified renovators who follow specific work practices to prevent lead contamination. Prior to the start of renovation, the firm or individual performing the renovation must provide the owners and occupants of the target housing units subject to regulated renovation, repair, and/or painting a copy of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency-approved *Renovate Right: Important Lead Hazard Information for Families, Child Care Providers and Schools* pamphlet, and maintain written acknowledgment that the pamphlet has been provided.

7. Section 402 of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2682, requires that the Administrator of EPA promulgate regulations regarding the activities of individuals and contractors engaged in lead-based paint activities, including renovation of residences built prior to 1978, and regulations for the certification of such individuals and contractors.

8. EPA promulgated regulations regarding lead-based paint activities, including renovation of residences built prior to 1978, and regulations for the certification

of individuals and firms who are involved in these activities. These regulations are found within 40 C.F.R. Part 745, Subpart E.

9. Section 406 of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2686, requires that the Administrator of EPA promulgate regulations to require each person who performs for compensation a renovation of target housing to provide a lead hazard information pamphlet to the owner and occupant of such housing prior to commencing the renovation.

10. EPA promulgated regulations requiring each person who performs for compensation a renovation of target housing to provide a lead hazard information pamphlet to the owner and occupant of such housing prior to commencing the renovation. These regulations are found within 40 C.F.R. Part 745, Subpart E.

11. The term *target housing* means any housing constructed prior to 1978, except housing for the elderly or persons with disabilities (unless any child who is less than six (6) years of age resides or is expected to reside in such housing) or any zero-bedroom dwelling. 15 U.S.C. § 2681(17).

12. The term *renovation* means the modification of any existing structure, or portion thereof, that results in the disturbance of painted surfaces, unless that activity is performed as part of an abatement as defined by this part (40 C.F.R. § 745.223). The term renovation includes but is not limited to the following: the removal, modification or repair of painted surfaces or painted components (e.g., modification of painted doors, surface restoration, window repair, surface preparation activity (such as sanding, scraping, or other such activities that may generate paint dust)); the removal of building components (e.g., walls, ceilings, plumbing, windows); weatherization projects (e.g., cutting holes in painted surfaces to install blown-in insulation or to gain access to attics,

planning thresholds to install weather stripping), and interim controls that disturb painted surfaces. 40 C.F.R. § 745.83.

13. The term *firm* means a company, partnership, corporation, sole proprietorship or individual doing business, association, or other business entity; a Federal, State Tribal, or local government agency; or a nonprofit organization. 40 C.F.R. § 745.83

14. 40 C.F.R. § 745.89(a)(1) states that firms that perform renovations for compensation must apply to EPA for certification to perform renovations or dust sampling.

15. Pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 745.89(d)(1), firms performing renovations must ensure that a certified renovator is assigned to each renovation performed by the firm and discharges all of the certified renovator responsibilities identified in 40 C.F.R. § 745.90.

16. Pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 745.86(b)(6), certain records must be retained including, but not limited to, documentation of compliance with the work practice requirements, including documentation that a certified renovator was assigned to the project.

17. The “Work Practice Standards” that must be followed by firms performing renovations on target housing are set forth at 40 C.F.R. § 745.85. The Work Practice Standards include, but are not limited to:

- a. Certification. Firms performing renovations must ensure that a certified renovator is assigned to each renovation performed by the firm and discharges all of the certified renovator responsibilities identified in §745.90. 40 C.F.R. § 745.89(d)(2).

b. Information distribution requirements. Not more than 60 days before beginning renovation activities in any residential dwelling unit of target housing, the firm performing the renovation must provide the owner of the unit with the pamphlet, and comply with one of the following: obtain, from the owner, a written acknowledgment that the owner has received the pamphlet or obtain a certificate of mailing at least 7 days prior to the renovation. 40 C.F.R. § 745.84(a)(1).

c. Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements. Firms performing renovations must retain and, if requested, make available to EPA all records necessary to demonstrate compliance with this subpart for a period of three years following completion of the renovation. 40 C.F.R. § 745.86.

d. Occupant Protection. Firms must post signs clearly defining the work area and warning occupants and other persons not involved in renovation activities to remain outside of the work area. To the extent practicable, these signs must be in the primary language of the occupants. These signs must be posted before beginning the renovation and must remain in place and readable until the renovation and the post-renovation cleaning verifications have been completed. 40 C.F.R. § 745.85(a)(1).

e. Containing the work area. Before beginning the renovation, the firm must isolate the work area while the renovation is being performed, including cover the ground with plastic sheeting or other

disposable impermeable material extending 10 feet beyond the perimeter of surfaces undergoing renovation or a sufficient distance to collect falling paint debris, whichever is greater, unless the property line prevents 10 feet of such ground covering. 40 C.F.R. § 745.85(a)(2)(ii)(c).

f. Prohibited and Restricted Practices. The use of machines designed to remove paint or other surface coatings through high speed operation such as sanding, grinding, power planing, needle gun, abrasive blasting, or sandblasting, is prohibited on painted surfaces unless such machines have shrouds or containment systems and are equipped with a HEPA vacuum attachment to collect dust and debris at the point of generation. Machines must be operated so that no visible dust or release of air occurs outside the shroud or containment system. 40 C.F.R. § 745.85(a)(3)(ii).

g. Waste from Renovations. At the conclusion of each work day and at the conclusion of the renovation, waste that has been collected from renovation activities must be stored under containment, in an enclosure, or behind a barrier that prevents release of dust and debris out of the work area and prevents access to dust and debris. 40 C.F.R. § 745.85(a)(4)(ii).

h. Cleaning the Work Area. After the renovation has been completed, the firm must clean the work area until no dust, debris or residue remains. 40 C.F.R. § 745.85(a)(5).

18. Failure to comply with any provision of 40 C.F.R. Part 745, Subpart E (RRP Rule) violates Section 409 of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2689, which may subject the violator to administrative penalties under Section 16(a) of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2615(a) and 40 C.F.R. § 745.87(d).

19. Section 16(a) of TSCA, 42 U.S.C. § 2615, and 40 C.F.R. § 745.87(d), authorize the EPA Administrator to assess a civil penalty of up to \$25,000 for each violation of Section 409 of TSCA. Each day that such a violation continues constitutes a separate violation of Section 15 of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2614. The Debt Collection Improvement Act of 1996, 31 U.S.C. § 3701, and its implementing regulations at 40 C.F.R. Part 19, increased these statutory maximum penalties to \$37,500 for violations that occurred after January 12, 2009.

Section IV

General Factual Allegations

20. Respondent is, and at all times referred to herein was, a “firm” and a “person” within the meaning of TSCA.

21. Respondent acted as General Contractor on interior and exterior renovations that occurred at 22 West 66th Terrace, Kansas City, Missouri, which included regulated RRP activities.

22. On December 19, 2013, pursuant to its authority under Section 11 of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2610, a representative of the United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region 7 conducted a work practices inspection of Brackmann Construction, Inc.’s “renovation” activities, as defined by C.F.R. § 745.83, performed at 22 West 66th Terrace, Kansas City, Missouri.

23. The Property was constructed before 1978.
24. The Property is “target housing” as defined by 40 C.F.R. § 745.103.
25. The EPA inspection found that the Respondent had failed to follow several RRP Rules in the work area.
26. After the time of the EPA inspection, the EPA found that no children were present at or lived at the property during the renovation activities.

Violations

27. The Complainant hereby states and alleges that Respondent has violated TSCA and federal regulations promulgated thereunder, as follows:

Count 1

28. The facts stated in Paragraphs 5 through 26 above are herein incorporated.
29. At the time of the EPA inspection, it was discovered that Respondent failed to provide the owner of the unit with EPA approved lead hazard information pamphlet, which is a violation of 40 C.F.R. § 745.84(a)(1).
30. Respondent’s failure to perform the act described above is a violation of Section 409 of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2689, and thus Respondent is subject to civil penalties under Section 16 of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2615.

Count 2

31. The facts stated in Paragraphs 5 through 26 above are herein incorporated.
32. At the time of the EPA inspection, it was discovered that Respondent failed to post signs clearly defining the work area and warning occupants and others not

involved in the renovation activity to remain outside of the work area, which is a violation of 40 C.F.R. § 745.85(a)(1).

33. Respondent's failure to perform the act described above is a violation of Section 409 of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2689, and thus Respondent is subject to civil penalties under Section 16 of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2615.

Count 3

34. The facts stated in Paragraphs 5 through 26 above are herein incorporated.

35. At the time of the EPA inspection, it was discovered that Respondent failed, before beginning the renovation, to close and cover all ducts opening in the work area with taped-down plastic sheeting or other impermeable material, which is a violation of 40 C.F.R. § 745.85(a)(2)(i)(B).

36. Respondent's failure to perform the act described above is a violation of Section 409 of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2689, and thus Respondent is subject to civil penalties under Section 16 of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2615.

Count 4

37. The facts stated in Paragraphs 5 through 26 above are herein incorporated.

38. At the time of the EPA inspection, it was discovered that Respondent failed to close windows and doors in the work area, cover doors with plastic sheeting or other impermeable material, and/or cover doors used as an entrance to the work with plastic sheeting or other impermeable material in a manner that allows workers to pass through while confining dust and debris to the work area, which is a violation of 40 C.F.R. § 745.85(a)(2)(i)(C).

39. Respondent's failure to perform the act described above is a violation of Section 409 of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2689, and thus Respondent is subject to civil penalties under Section 16 of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2615.

Count 5

40. The facts stated in Paragraphs 5 through 26 above are herein incorporated.

41. At the time of the EPA inspection, it was discovered that Respondent failed, before beginning of renovation, to cover the floor surface, including installed carpet, with taped-down plastic sheeting or other impermeable material in the work area 6 feet beyond the perimeter of surfaces undergoing renovation or a sufficient distance to contain the dust, whichever is greater, which is a violation of 40 C.F.R. § 745.85(a)(2)(i)(D).

42. Respondent's failure to perform the act described above is a violation of Section 409 of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2689, and thus Respondent is subject to civil penalties under Section 16 of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2615.

Count 6

43. The facts stated in Paragraphs 5 through 26 above are herein incorporated.

44. At the time of the EPA inspection, it was discovered that Respondent failed, before beginning of renovation, to ensure that doors within the work area that will be used while the job is being performed are covered with plastic sheeting or other impermeable material in a manner that allows workers to pass through while confining dust and debris to the work area, which is a violation of 40 C.F.R. § 745.85(a)(2)(ii)(B).

45. Respondent's failure to perform the act described above is a violation of Section 409 of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2689, and thus Respondent is subject to civil penalties under Section 16 of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2615.

Count 7

46. The facts stated in Paragraphs 5 through 26 above are herein incorporated.

47. At the time of the EPA inspection, it was discovered that Respondent failed, before beginning the renovation, to cover the ground with plastic sheeting or other disposable impermeable material extending 10 feet beyond the perimeter of surface undergoing renovation, which is a violation of 40 C.F.R. § 745.85(a)(2)(ii)(C).

48. Respondent's failure to perform the act described above is a violation of Section 409 of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2689, and thus Respondent is subject to civil penalties under Section 16 of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2615.

Count 8

49. The facts stated in Paragraphs 5 through 26 above are herein incorporated.

50. At the time of the EPA inspection, it was discovered that Respondent failed to contain waste from renovation activities to prevent releases of dust and debris before the waste is removed from the work area for storage or disposal and/or failed to cover a chute if used to remove waste from the work area, which is a violation of 40 C.F.R. § 745.85(a)(4)(i).

51. Respondent's failure to perform the act described above is a violation of Section 409 of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2689, and thus Respondent is subject to civil penalties under Section 16 of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2615.

Section V

Consent Agreement

52. For purposes of this proceeding, Respondent admits the jurisdictional allegations set forth above.

53. Respondent neither admits nor denies the factual allegations set forth above.

54. Respondent waives its right to contest any issue of fact or law set forth above and its right to appeal the Final Order accompanying this Consent Agreement.

55. Respondent and EPA agree to conciliate this matter without the necessity of a formal hearing and to bear their respective costs and attorney's fees.

56. Respondent consents to the issuance of the Final Order hereinafter recited and consents to the payment of a civil penalty as specified in the Final Order.

57. Respondent certifies by the signing of this CAFO that it is presently in compliance with all requirements of 40 C.F.R. Part 745, Subpart E.

58. The effect of settlement described in the following paragraph is conditioned upon the accuracy of Respondent's representations to EPA, as memorialized in the immediately preceding Paragraph of this CAFO.

59. Respondent agrees that, in settlement of the claims alleged in this CAFO, Respondent shall pay a mitigated penalty of Five Hundred Dollars (\$500) as set forth in Paragraph 1 of the Final Order. Payment of this civil penalty in full shall resolve all civil and administrative claims for all violations of Section 409 of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. 2689 and 40 C.F.R. Subpart E alleged in this document.

60. Respondent understands that its failure to timely pay any portion of the civil penalty described in Paragraph 1 of the Final Order below or any portion of a

stipulated penalty as stated in Paragraph 59 above may result in the commencement of a civil action in Federal District Court to recover the full remaining balance, along with penalties and accumulated interest. In such case, interest shall accrue thereon at the applicable statutory rate on the unpaid balance until such civil or stipulated penalty and any accrued interest are paid in full. A late payment handling charge of \$15 will be imposed after thirty (30) days and an additional \$15 will be charge for each subsequent thirty (30) day period. Additionally, as provided by 31 U.S.C. § 3717(e)(2), a six percent (6%) per annum penalty (late charge) may be assessed on any amount not paid within ninety (90) days of the due date.

Section VI

Final Order

Pursuant to the provisions of the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA), 15 U.S.C. §§ 2601-2692, and based upon the information set forth in the Consent Agreement accompanying this Final Order, **IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT:**

1. Respondent shall pay a civil penalty of Five Hundred Dollars (\$500) within thirty (30) days of the effective date of this Final Order. Such payment shall identify Respondent by name and docket number and shall be by certified or cashier's check made payable to the "United States Treasury" and sent to:

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Fines and Penalties
Cincinnati Finance Center
PO Box 979077
St. Louis, Missouri 63197-9000

Wire transfers should be directed to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York:

Federal Reserve Bank of New York

ABA = 021030004
Account = 68010727
SWIFT address = FRNYUS33
33 Liberty Street
New York, New York 10045
Field Tag 4200 of the Fedwire message should read
"D 68010727 Environmental Protection Agency"

2. A copy of the check or other information confirming payment shall simultaneously be sent to the following:

Regional Hearing Clerk (CNSL)
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 7
11201 Renner Boulevard
Lenexa, Kansas 66219; and

Lucretia Myers
Attorney
Office of Regional Counsel
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 7
11201 Renner Boulevard
Lenexa, Kansas 66219.

3. Respondent and Complainant shall each bear their own costs and attorneys' fees incurred as a result of this matter.

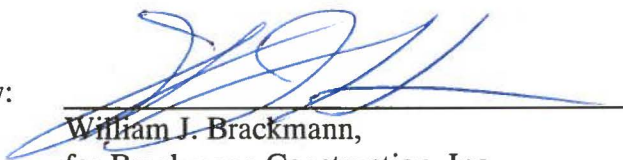
This CAFO shall be effective upon the filing of the Final Order by the Regional Hearing Clerk for EPA, Region 7. Unless otherwise stated, all time periods stated herein shall be calculated in calendar days from such date.

RESPONDENT
Brackmann Construction, Inc.

Date:

9/6/14


By:



William J. Brackmann,
for Brackmann Construction, Inc.


COMPLAINANT
U. S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Date: 9/11/14



Jamie Green
Chief
Toxics and Pesticides Branch
Water, Wetlands and Pesticides Division

Date: 9/10/14



Lucretia Myers
Assistant Regional Counsel
Office of Regional Counsel

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Date: 9-18-14

Karina Borromeo
Karina Borromeo
Regional Judicial Officer
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

IN THE MATTER OF Brackmann Construction, Inc., Respondent
Docket No. TSCA-07-2014-0039

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that a true and correct copy of the foregoing Order was sent this day in the following manner to the addressees:

Copy by email to Attorney for Complainant:

myers.lucetia@epa.gov

Copy by First Class Mail to:

Bill Brackmann
Brackmann Construction, Inc.
1418 N. Scott
Belton, Missouri 64012

Dated: 9/22/14



Kathy Robinson
Kathy Robinson
Hearing Clerk, Region 7